

Chapter 10

GRAVITATION

EXAMPLE- 3:

Two particles of masses 1 kg and 2 kg are placed at a separation of 50 cm. Assuming that only gravitational forces acting on the particles mutually, the initial acceleration of the first particle.

Solution:

Given, $m_1 = 1 \text{ kg}$; $m_2 = 2 \text{ kg}$

$$d = 50 \text{ cm} = 50 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m} = 5 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$$

And $G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ Nm}^2 / \text{kg}^2$

$$F = \frac{Gm_1m_2}{d^2} = \frac{6.67 \times 10^{-11} \times 1 \times 2}{(5 \times 10^{-1})^2}$$

$$F = 5.3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ N}$$

The acceleration of 1 kg particle is $F = m_1 a_1$

$$a_1 = \frac{F}{m_1} = \frac{5.3 \times 10^{-10}}{1} = 5.3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m} / \text{s}^2$$

It is towards the 2 kg particle.