

Practical Geometry

CHAPTER

4

To construct a rectangle when a side and a diagonal are given:

To construct the given rectangle, we use the property that the diagonals of a rectangle are equal.

Example:

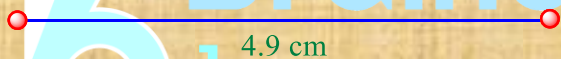
Construct a rectangle LORD given $LO = 4.9$ cm and $LR = 6.8$ cm.

Sol.

Draw a rough figure and label it with the given measurements as shown. Follow the given steps to construct the quadrilateral.

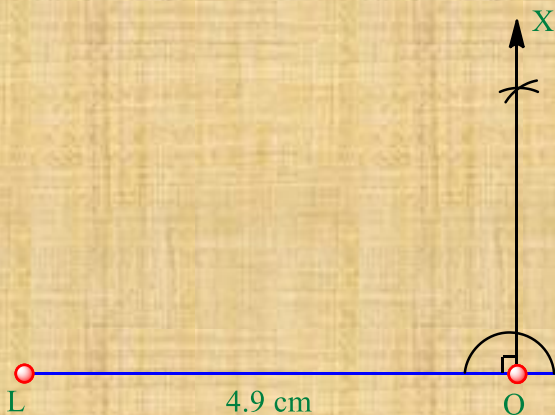
Step I:

Draw a line segment $LO = 4.9$ cm



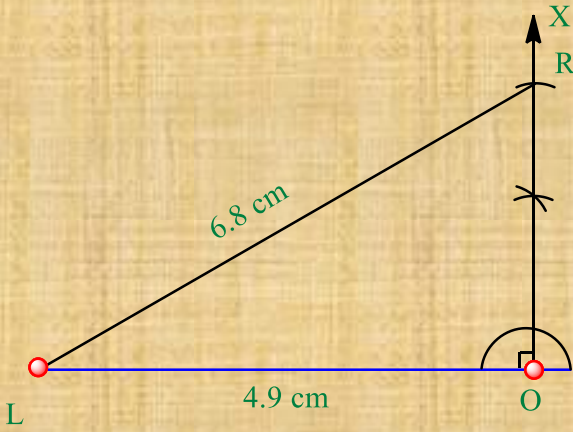
Step II:

At 'O', draw a ray \overline{OX} such that $\angle LOX = 90^\circ$ using a compass and a ruler.

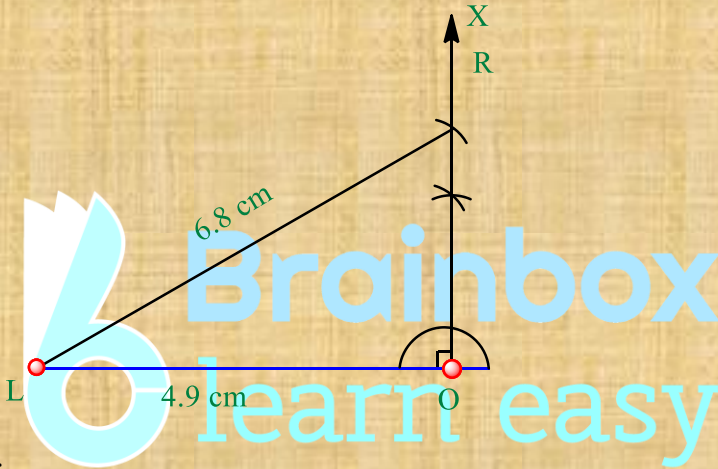


Step III:

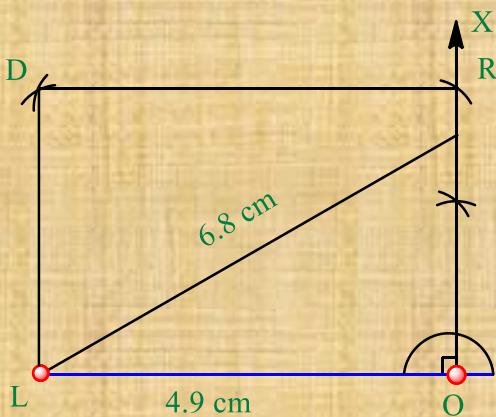
With 'L' as centre and radius 6.8 cm, draw an arc to cut OX at 'R'. Join LR to get the diagonal.

**Step IV:**

With 'R' as centre and radius 4.9 cm, draw an arc and take radius 'OR' with 'L' as centre an arc to cut the previous arc at 'D'.

**Step V:**

Join RD and LD.



Thus formed LORD is the required a rectangle.